

VITEX S.A.

ACRYLAN MAX

Revision nr.5 Dated 09/08/2024 Printed on 09/09/2024 Page n. 1 / 11

Replaced revision:4 (Dated 02/03/2022)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name ACRYLAN MAX

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use TRIBRID NANO-ACRYLIC PAINT

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name VITEX S.A. Full address IMEROS TOPOS

District and Country 19300 ASPROPYRGOS (ATTIKI)

GREECE

Tel. (0030) 2105589400 Fax (0030) 2105597859

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet vitexlab@vitex.gr

Supplier: VITEX S.A

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to (0030) 2105589400

(0030) 2107793777 Emergency number Greece 24/7

1401 Cyprus

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

toxicity, category 3

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms: --

Signal words: --

Hazard statements:

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

EUH208 Contains: 5-Chloro-2-methyl- 3(2H)-isothiazolone mixture with 2-Methyl- 3(2H)-isothiazolone (3:1)

2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

3-IODO-2-PROPYNYLBUTYLCARBAMATE

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local and national regulations.



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . . / if you feel unwell.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Exterior walls of mineral substrate.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition : 9,00 Limit value: 40,00

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

INDEX $0,1 \le x < 0,5$ **Asp. Tox. 1 H304, EUH066**

EC 918-481-9 CAS 64742-48-9

REACH Reg. 01-2119457273-XXXX 3-IODO-2-PROPYNYLBUTYLCARBAMATE

INDEX 616-212-00-7 $0.1 \le x < 0.15$ Acute Tox. 3 H331, Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 1 H372, Eye Dam. 1 H318,

Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 259-627-5 LD50 Oral: 1056 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 3 mg/l, ATE Inhalation

mists/powders: 0,501 mg/l

CAS 55406-53-6

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

INDEX 613-088-00-6 0 < x < 0,0359 Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315,

Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 220-120-9 Skin Sens. 1A H317: ≥ 0,036%

CAS 2634-33-5 ATE Oral: 500 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 0,501 mg/l

 $\hbox{2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one}\\$

INDEX 0 < x < 0,00149 Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Skin Corr. 1B

H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10,

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1, EUH071

EC 220-239-6 Skin Sens. 1A H317: ≥ 0,0015%

CAS 2682-20-4 ATE Oral: 100 mg/kg, ATE Dermal: 300 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 0,501

mg/l, ATE Inhalation mists/powders: 0,051 mg/l

5-Chloro-2-methyl- 3(2H)-isothiazolone mixture with 2-Methyl- 3(2H)-isothiazolone (3:1)

INDEX 613-167-00-5 0 < x < 0,00149 Acute Tox. 2 H310, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Skin Corr. 1C

H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100,

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH071

EC Skin Irrit. 2 H315: ≥ 0,06% - < 0,6%, Skin Sens. 1A H317: ≥ 0,0015%, Eye Dam.

1 H318: ≥ 0,6%, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: ≥ 0,06% - < 0,6%

CAS 55965-84-9 ATE Oral: 100 mg/kg, ATE Dermal: 50,001 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours:

0,501 mg/l, ATE Inhalation mists/powders: 0,051 mg/l

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

No effects requiring implementation of special first aid measures are expected. The following information represents practical indications of correct behaviour in the event of contact with a chemical product, even if not hazardous.

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.



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SECTION 4. First aid measures

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up



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SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

DEU Deutschland Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur

Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58

OEL EU Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) EU

2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive

91/322/EEC.

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS							
Threshold Limit Value							
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
MAK	DEU	300	50	600	100		
OEL	EU	1200					

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing





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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ...

apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. **ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Information **Properties** Appearance liquid Colour as showed in color folder not available Odour Melting point / freezing point not available Initial boiling point not available Flammability not available Lower explosive limit not available not available Upper explosive limit Flash point 93 °C not available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature not available рΗ 8-9 1600-3600 mm²/s Kinematic viscosity Method:Theoretical Calculation from Dynamic Viscosity 105-115 KU Dynamic viscosity Method: ASTM D 562 Temperature: = 25 °C Solubility not available not available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Vapour pressure not available Density and/or relative density 1,26-1,30

kg/l not available

Relative vapour density Particle characteristics not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ...

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: > 5 mg/l
ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 5000 mg/kg

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 20 mg/l/4h Rat

3-IODO-2-PROPYNYLBUTYLCARBAMATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): 1056 mg/kg Rat

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

LD50 (Dermal): > 1,221 mg/kg 1,2-benziosothiazolin-3-one LD50 (Oral): > 2,175 mg/kg 1,2-benziosothiazolin-3-one

LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 0,5 mg/l

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

5-Chloro-2-methyl- 3(2H)-isothiazolone mixture with 2-Methyl- 3(2H)-isothiazolone (3:1)

2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

3-IODO-2-PROPYNYLBUTYLCARBAMATE

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it has negative effects on the aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

3-IODO-2-PROPYNYLBUTYLCARBAMATE

 LC50 - for Fish
 0,067 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 0,16 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 0,022 mg/l/72h

5-Chloro-2-methyl- 3(2H)-isothiazolone mixture with 2-Methyl- 3(2H)-isothiazolone (3:1)

EC50 - for Crustacea > 0,018 mg/l/48h Chronic NOEC for Fish 0,5 mg/l

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 100 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 100 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 100 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 0,1 mg/l based on modeled data Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 0,1 mg/l based on modeled data

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

LC50 - for Fish > 2,18 mg/l/96h 1,2-benziosothiazolin-3-one Oncorhynchus mykiss OECD Test

Guideline 203

EC50 - for Crustacea > 2,94 mg/l/48h 1,2-benziosothiazolin-3-one Daphnia magna OECD Test Guideline

202

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 0,11 mg/l/72h 1,2-benziosothiazolin-3-one Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata OECD

Test Guideline 201

12.2. Persistence and degradability

3-IODO-2-PROPYNYLBUTYLCARBAMATE

Rapidly degradable

 $HYDROCARBONS,\ C10-C13,\ n-ALKANES,\ ISOALKANES,\ CYCLICS,\ <2\%\ AROMATICS$

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential



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SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

3-IODO-2-PROPYNYLBUTYLCARBAMATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,81

2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,32 Log Kow

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not applicable

14.4. Packing group

not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable



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SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Information not available

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Exterior walls of mineral substrate.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 2 Acute toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Aspiration hazard, category 1 Asp. Tox. 1 Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion, category 1C Serious eye damage, category 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1 Skin Sens. 1A Skin sensitization, category 1A

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.
H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.



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H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament $\,$
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)



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SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- 24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1434 (XIX Atp. CLP)
- 24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1435 (XX Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

 $03 \, / \, 08 \, / \, 11 \, / \, 12 \, / \, 16.$